

Seven Islands Wildlife Refuge, Knox Co., TN

SPECIES LIST

By Cumberland Mycological Society, Crossville, TN

click on underlined species for web links to details about those species

Place cursor over cells with red

triangles to view pictures

and/or comments

Scientific name	common names (if applicable)	Sep-09	May-10	Edibility Notes*
<u>Agaricus placomyces</u>	"Eastern Flat-topped Agaricus"	X		poisonous
<u>Agaricus pocillator</u>	none	X		unknown -possibly poisonous
<u>Amanita gemmata complex</u>	"Gem-studded Amanita"	X		possibly poisonous
<u>Amanita rubescens sensu auct. amer. orient.</u>	"Blusher"	X		edible -with extreme caution!!
<u>Armillaria tabescens syn. Clitocybe tabescens</u>	"Ringless Honey Mushroom"	X		edible for most -with caution
<u>Auricularia auricula-judae syn. A. auricula</u>	"Wood Ear," "Jelly Ear," "Tree Ear"	X	X	edible and medicinal
<u>Bisporella citrina syn. Helotium citrinum, syn. Calycella citrina</u>	"Yellow Fairy Cups"	X		unknown
<u>Boletus atkinsonii</u>	Atkinson's Bolete	X		edible
<u>Boletus auriporus syn. Boletus viridiflavus</u>	"Gold-pored Bolete"	X		edible
<u>Boletus curtisii</u>	none	X		unknown
<u>Boletus discolor syn. B. erythropus ssp. discolor, syn. B. luridiformis ssp. discolor</u>	none	X		unknown -possibly poisonous
<u>Boletus fraternus/ rubellus/ campestris complex</u>		X		likely edible depending on exact species
<u>Boletus pallidus</u>	"Pale Bolete"	X		edible
<u>Boletus subglabripes syn. Leccinum subglabripes</u>	none	X		edible
<u>Callistosporium luteo-olivaceum syn. Collybia luteo-olivaceous</u>	none	X		unknown
<u>Calvatia craniiformis</u>	"Skull-shaped Puffball"	X		edible
<u>Cantharellus persicinus</u>	"Peach Chanterelle"	X		edible
<u>Cerrena unicolor syn. Trametes unicolor, syn. Daedalea unicolor</u>	"Mossy Maze Polypore"		X	inedible
<u>Chlorophyllum molybdites syn. Lepiota morganii</u>	"Green-gilled Lepiota"	X		poisonous -very frequent poisoner in U.S.
<u>Crepidotus applanatus var. applanatus</u>	"Flat Crep"	X		unknown and best avoided
<u>Dacrymyces palmatus</u>	"Orange Jelly Cap"	X		reports vary -prob. edible, but bland
<u>Daedaleopsis confragosa syn. Daedalea confragosa</u>	"Thin-maze Flat Polypore"	X		inedible
<u>Ductifera pululahuana syn. Tremella pululahuana, syn. Exidia alba</u>	"White Jelly Fungus"	X	X	unknown
<u>Exidia recisa</u>	"Amber Jelly Roll"	X		unknown
<u>Ganoderma applanatum syn. G. lipsiense</u>	"Artist's Conk"	X		inedible, but medicinal
<u>Geastrum triplex</u>	"Collared Earthstar"	X		inedible
<u>Gloeoporus dichrous syn. Caloporus dichrous, syn. Polyporus dichrous</u>	"Gelatinous-pored polypore"	X		inedible
<u>Gymnopus dryophilus syn. Collybia dryophila</u>	"Oak-loving Collybia"	X		possibly poisonous -best avoided
<u>Heimioporus betula syn. Austroboletus betula syn. Boletus betula</u>	"Shaggy-stalked Bolete"	X		edible
<u>Hohenbuehelia angustata</u>	none		X(?)	unknown
<u>Hohenbuehelia petaloides syn. Pleurotus petaloides</u>	"Leaf-like Oyster"	X		edible
<u>Inocybe geophylla var. lilacina syn. Inocybe lilacina</u>	Lilac Fiber Head	X		poisonous
<u>Lactarius indigo var. indigo</u>	"Indigo Milky"	X		edible
<u>Lactarius maculatipes</u>	"Spotted-stalk Milk Cap"	X		unknown
<u>Lactarius subplinthogalus</u>	none	X		not recommended -also acrid
<u>Lactarius subvernalis var. subvernalis</u>	none	X		not recommended -and it is acrid
<u>Lentinellus ursinus syn. Lentinus ursinus</u>	"Bear Lentinus"	X		inedible, bitter or extremely acrid tasting
<u>Lepiota rubrotincta syn. L. rubrotinctus</u>	"Red-eyed Parasol"	X		unknown -best avoided
<u>Lycoperdon perlatum syn. L. gemmatum</u>	"Gem-Studded Puffball"	X		edible when young and white inside
<u>Lycoperdon pulcherrimum</u>	none	X		edible when white and firm
<u>Marasmius strictipes syn. Collybia strictipes</u>	"Orange-yellow Marasmius"	X		inedible
<u>Marasmius sullivanii</u>	none	X		unknown
<u>Metatrachia vesparium</u>	"Multigoblet Slime"	X		inedible

<u>Mycena luteopallens</u>	"Walnut Mycena"	x		inedible
<u>Omphalina ectypoides</u> syn. <u>Clitocybe ectypoides</u>	"Wood Clitocybe"	x		unknown
<u>Phellinus pini</u> syn. <u>Fomes pini</u> , syn. <u>Trametes pini</u>	"Pine Conk"	x		inedible (a very destructive conk rot)
<u>Pleurotus pulmonarius</u>	"Lung Oyster," "Indian Oyster"	x		edible
<u>Pluteus atromarginatus</u>	"Black-edged Pluteus"	x		edible
<u>Pluteus cervinus</u> syn. <u>P. atricapillus</u>	"Deer or Fawn Mushroom"	x		a mediocre edible
<u>Polyporus alveolaris</u> syn. <u>Polyporus mori</u> , syn. <u>Favolus alveolaris</u>	"Hexagonal-pored Polypore"	x		edible, but tough
<u>Polyporus badius</u> syn. <u>P. picipes</u> , syn. <u>Rovoporus badius</u>	"Black-footed Polypore"		x	inedible
<u>Polyporus radicans</u>	"Rooting Polypore"	x		inedible
<u>Polyporus varius</u> syn. <u>P. elegans</u>	"Elegant Polypore"		x	inedible
<u>Poronidulus conchifer</u> syn. <u>Trametes conchifer</u> syn. <u>Polyporus conchifer</u>	"Little Nest Polypore"	x		inedible
<u>Russula brevipes</u> syn. <u>R. delica</u>	"Short-stalked White Russula"	x		possibly edible, but poor
<u>Sarcoscypha dudlevi</u> [ref. to in some books as <u>S. coccinea</u> (Pac. NW only)]	"Crimson Cup," "Scarlet Cup"	x		non-poisonous
<u>Sarcoscypha occidentalis</u>	"Stalked Scarlet Cup"	x		unknown/ no culinary value
<u>Schizophyllum commune</u>	"Common Split Gill"		x	inedible
<u>Sebacina conrescens</u> syn. <u>Tremella conrescens</u>	none	x		unknown
<u>Stereum complicatum</u> syn. <u>S. rameale</u>	"Golden Parchment Fungus"	x		inedible
<u>Stereum ostrea</u> syn. <u>S. fasciatum</u> , syn. <u>S. lobatum</u> , syn. <u>S. versicolor</u>	"False Turkey Tail"	x	x	inedible
<u>Trametes versicolor</u> syn. <u>Coriolus versicolor</u>	"Turkey Tail"	x		inedible, but medicinal
<u>Trametopsis cervina</u> syn. <u>Trametes cervina</u>	none	x		inedible
<u>Tremellodendron pallidum</u> syn. <u>T. schweinitzii</u>	"False Coral"	x		edible, but not worthwhile
<u>Trichaptum biforme</u> syn. <u>Polyporus biformis</u>	"Violet Toothed Polypore"	x		inedible
<u>Tricholoma fulvum</u> syn. <u>T. flavobrunneum</u>	"The Birch Knight"	x		inedible or unknown
<u>Tubifera ferruginosa</u>	"Red Rasperry Slime"	x		inedible
<u>Tylopilus plumbeoviolaceus</u>	"Violet-gray Bolete," "Plum Bolete"	x		inedible -bitter
<u>Tyromyces chioneus</u> syn. <u>T. albellus</u> , syn. <u>Polyporus albellus</u>	"White Cheese Polypore"	x		inedible -poss. medicinal
<u>Xerula megalospora</u> syn. <u>Collybia radicata</u> var. <u>pusilla</u>	"Lesser Rooting Xerula"	x		reportedly non-poisonous
<u>Xylaria hypoxylon</u> syn. <u>Xylosphaera hypoxylon</u>	"Carbon Antlers"	x	x	inedible or unknown
<u>Xylaria polymorpha</u> syn. <u>Xylosphaera polymorpha</u>	"Dead Man's Fingers"	x		inedible
	Total Species identified	67	9	
	New Species identified (1st time here)		5	
<u><i>The specimens noted below were not identified to species:</i></u>				
<u>Agaricus species</u>		x		
<u>Boletus species</u>		x		
<u>Boletus species</u>		x		
<u>Boletus, probably campestris-fraternus complex</u>			x	
<u>Cystoderma species</u>		x		
<u>Peziza succosa(?)</u> or something similar -a small, yellowish-tan cup fungi			x	
<u>Pluteus longistriatus</u> (or a close relative)			x	
<u>Russula species</u>	"Red Russula"	x		
<u>Russula species</u>	"Red Russula"	x		
<u>Russula sp. -cap and stem white stem, poss. bruising brownish, mild tasting</u>		x		
<u>Tylopilus species</u>		x		
<u>Tylopilus species</u>		x		

In you notice any errors, discrepancies or inaccuracies, please click below:

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Note: This species list is not representative of all mushrooms present on a given date. Collecting is limited to certain trails and locations and not all specimens found are always gathered. Many of the collected specimens never get identified or recorded for various reasons, which include (but are not limited to): time restraints and condition of specimens.

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***The edibility listing is only intended as a guide. Be sure to check several sources before consuming any wild mushrooms, which may be toxic. Cumberland Mycological Society, it's officers and members, assume no liability for these contents, nor their accuracy. Those who consume wild mushrooms should be absolutely certain of their identification, should consult multiple credible sources for for verification, and assume full responsibility for their actions.**





